Questions & Answers
For the Young & Indispensable to the Elders
أسئلة وأجوبة للصغار
ولا يستغني عنها الكبار

الطبعة الثانية
Q&A for the Young & Indispensable to the Elders

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* The Biography of the author on the back cover has been summarised from www.mahad-ul-furqan.org.
Questions and Answers for the Young & Indispensable to the Elders

By Shaykh Saalim bin Sa’d at-Taweel

Translated by Abu Faatimah Azhar Majorthi
Introduction

All the perfect and complete praises are for Allah alone, and may His salah and salam be on whom there is no Prophet after (i.e. Muhammad ﷺ).

As for what follows: I have prepared these Islamic questions and answers, varying in (matters of) Aqeedah (creed), worship, seerah (history), manners, etc. for the young to memorise and to aid the elders in teaching their children and students; and that which prompted me to write it was that some of those responsible of the affairs (of education and nurturing) from parents and teachers, were at times uncertain in choosing appropriate questions for children to discuss; so these are the: ‘Questions and Answers for the Young, and Indispensable to the Elders.’

أما بعد: فهذه أسئلة وأجوبة شرعية متنوعة في العقيدة والعبادات والسيرة والآداب وعدها أعدناها لبحثها الصغار وليستعين ها الكبار في تعليم أبنائهم وبوالدهم وطلابهم وطالباتهم، والذي دعائي إلى كتابتها أن بعض أولياء الأمور من الآباء والأمهات والمدرسين والمدرستين أحياناً يحتجون في اختيار الأسئلة المناسبة لمحاورة الطفل أو الطالبة، فكانت هذه (الأسئلة والأجوبة للصغار ولا يسفغ عنها الكبار).
And I ask Allah that He benefits by it: its reader, memorizer, teacher and student.

Written by one hoping to be pardoned by his Rabb:
Saalim bin Sa’d At-Taweel
20th of Rajab 1424 A.H.
Corresponding to 16th September 2003 C.E.
Kuwait

والله أسأل أن ينفعه القارئ والحافظ والمحفظ والمعلم والمتعلم...

كتبه راجي عفو ربه
سام بن سعد الطويل 20
رجب 1424 الهـ
الموافق 9/16/2003 م
الكويت
Questions and Answers for the Young & Indispensable to the Elders

In the Name of Allah, we begin...

1 - Who is your Rabb? 

Answer: My Rabb is Allah the Blessed and Most High.

[1] [TN] *Ar-Rabb* (اَرْبَاب) means: the Creator and Owner of all things, and the Controller of every affair; it is also one of the Names of Allah ﷻ.
2 – Where is Allah the Blessed and Most High?
Answer: Allah the Most High is above the Heavens.

3 – What is Allah’s Right over His slaves?
Answer: That they worship Him (alone) and do not make any partners with Him (in worship).

4 – Complete the (following) Hadeeth: The Messenger of Allah ﷺ said: “Whoever says: ‘I am pleased with Allah as my Rabb...’?”
Answer: “...and with Islam as my Deen(2) and with Muhammad ﷺ as my Prophet, (then) Jannah becomes obligatory for him.”(3)

5 – Why did Allah the Most High create us? And what is the evidence?
Answer: To worship Him alone; He the Most High said: ‘And I did not create the jinn or mankind except to worship Me (alone).’(4)

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(2) [TN] Deen: A religion or system which a person submits to and obeys. The Deen of Islam is the religion and system which includes everything that Allah sent the Messenger of Allah ﷺ with, from rulings, laws, matters of creed etc., including statements and actions.

(3) Recorded by Aboo Daawood (1529) from Aboo Sa’eed Al-Khudri ﷺ.

(4) Adh-Dhaariyat (51):56.
6 – What is the greatest obligation upon us?

Answer: At-Tawheed and it is to single out Allah the Most High with all that He deserves.\(^{59}\)

7 – Mention the types of Tawheed?

Answer: Tawheed ur-Ruboobiyyah\(^{60}\), Tawheed-ul-Uloohiyyah\(^{61}\) and Tawheed-ul-Asmaa'i was-Sifaat\(^{62}\).

8 – What is the Kalimat-ul-Tawheed? And what is its meaning?

Answer: The Kalimat-ul-Tawheed is: ‘laa ilaaha illallah’ and its meaning is: there is nothing truly deserving of worship except Allah (alone).

9 – Complete the (following) Hadeeth: The Messenger of Allah \(^{38}\) said: “There is nobody who testifies that there is nothing deserving of

\(^{59}\) [TN] i.e. to single Him out in His ar-Ruboobiyyah, al-Uloohiyyah and al-Asmaa’u was-Sifaat.

\(^{60}\) [TN] Tawheed ur-Ruboobiyyah is to single out Allah in His actions, like creating, sustaining, causing life and death, etc.

\(^{61}\) [TN] Tawheed-ul-Uloohiyyah is to single out Allah in all acts of worship, like prayer, fasting, Hajj, Zakah, making oaths, sacrificing animals, etc.

\(^{62}\) [TN] Tawheed-ul-Asmaa’i was-Sifaat is to describe Allah according to how He and his Messenger Muhammad ﷺ described Him, and to refer to Him by the Names He and His Messenger ﷺ referred to Him with, all of which must be done without comparing (tashbeeh) or likening (tamtheel) Allah to the creation, nor altering their meanings (tahreef) or denying their reality (ta’teel). See ‘The Correct Islamic Aqeedah’ by Shaykh Bin Baaz, Daar us-Sunnah Publications.
worship except Allah (alone) and that Muhammad is indeed the Messenger of Allah...”?

Answer: “...truly from his heart, except that Allah makes the Fire (of Hell) forbidden for him.”

10 - What is the greatest of sins?
Answer: Shirk with Allah.

11 - What is Shirk?
Answer: It is worshipping an ilaah instead of Allah or (worshipping it) along with Allah the Most High.

12 - Complete the (following) Hadeeth: The Messenger of Allah said: “Whoever swears an oath by other than Allah...”?
Answer: “...then he has committed disbelief or Shirk.”

13 - Does anyone know the Unseen other than Allah?

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9) Recorded by Al-Bukhaaree (128) and Muslim (32) from Anas bin Maalik ﷺ.
10) [TN] See question 11.
11) [TN] An ilaah is anything that is taken as something deserving of worship, love and obedience, or sought as a giver of benefit and protector from harm.
12) Recorded by At-Tirmidhee (1535) from (‘Abdullah) Ibn ‘Umar ﷺ.
TN: Shaykh Al-Albaanee graded it Sahheeh.
14 - When are actions accepted by Allah the Most High?

Answer: When they are (done) sincerely for Allah the Most High and in agreement with the Sunnah of the Messenger of Allah ﷺ.

15 - Recite Surat-ul-Kaafiroon?

Answer:

(In the Name of Allah Ar-Rahmaan Ar-Raheem) "(1) Say: 'O you disbelievers! (2) I do not worship that which you worship, (3) And you are not worshippers of that which I worship, (4) And I am not a worshipper of what you are worshipping, (5) And you are not worshippers of that which I worship, (6) To you be your deen, and to me my Deen (i.e. Islam)."

16 - Who is your Prophet?

Answer: Muhammad, the Messenger of Allah ﷺ.

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(13) An-Naml (27):65

(14) Al-Kaafirun (109):1-6
17 - What is the meaning of 'Muhammad is the Messenger of Allah' ﷺ?

Answer: It means: Allah the Most High sent him (ﷺ) to the whole of mankind as a giver of good news and as a warner.

18 - What is the name of our Prophet ﷺ and the name of his father and his grandfather?

Answer: Muhammad (ﷺ), the son of 'Abdullah, the son of 'Abdul-Muttalib.

19 - Who is it obligatory for you to love the most out of all mankind?

Answer: The Messenger of Allah ﷺ.

20 - When was the Prophet ﷺ born and in which city?

Answer: In the Year of the Elephant¹⁵⁵ in (the city of) Makkah.

21 - How old was the Prophet ﷺ when Allah the Most High sent him

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¹⁵⁵ [TN] The Year of the Elephant is the year in which the Abyssinian army of Abrahah, which included elephants, failed in their attempt to conquer Makkah and destroy the Ka'bah. Allah ﷺ destroyed them by sending against them birds who pelted them with stones of baked clay, as mentioned in Soorat-ul-Fatih (105):1-5. See 'When the Moon Split' by S. Mubarakpuri, Darussalam.
(with the message of Islam)?
Answer: Forty years.

22 – How many years did the Prophet ﷺ live in Makkah after the Prophet-hood and before the hijrah?
Answer: Thirteen years.

23 – Where did the Prophet ﷺ make hijrah to?
Answer: To Madeenah.

24 – How many years did the Prophet ﷺ live in Madeenah after the hijrah?
Answer: Ten years.

25 – Who are the ‘Mothers of the Believers’ (ذوو نساء ﷺ)?
Answer: The wives of the Prophet ﷺ.

26 – Where did the Prophet ﷺ die? And when? And how old was he?
Answer: In Madeenah, ten years after the hijrah and his age was sixty-three.

[TN] Hijrah (migration) in this context refers to the migration which the Messenger of Allah ﷺ and his companions ﷺ made from Makkah to Madeenah. In its general meaning, it refers to migrating from the land of shirk to the land of Islaam.
27 – Complete the (following) Hadeeth: The Messenger of Allah ﷺ said: “Whoever sends salaah upon me once...”?
Answer: “...Allah will send salaah upon him ten times.”

28 – What is your Deen?
Answer: My Deen is al-Islam.

29 – What is the meaning of Islam?
Answer: Submission and compliance to Allah by worship and obedience.

30 – How many pillars are there in Islam?
Answer: Five pillars.

31 – Complete the (following) Hadeeth.
The Messenger of Allah ﷺ said: “Islam is built on five...”
Answer: “…(1) the testification that there is nothing deserving of worship except Allah (alone) and that...”

27 - أَكْمَلْ الْحَدِيثَ... قَالُ رَسُولُ اللّهِ ﷺ: ﴿(ۚمَنْ صَلَّى عَلَيْهِ وَاحِدَةٌ ﴾؟... ﴾الْحَوَابُ: صَلَّى اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ بِيَّةٌ عَشَرَةٌ﴾.

28 - مَا دِينُكُ؟
الْحَوَابُ: دِينُ الإِسْلَامُ.

29 - مَا فَعْقٌ الإِسْلَامِ؟
الْحَوَابُ: الإِسْلَامُ إِلَى الهُدْيَا، وَالْحَوَابُ: الإِسْلَامُ وَالْحَوَابُ: الإِسْلَامُ وَالْحَوَابُ: إِلَى الهُدْيَاةَ وَالطَّاعَةَ.

30 - كَمْ أَرْكَانُ الإِسْلَامِ؟
الْحَوَابُ: خُمْسَةٌ أَرْكَانُ.

31 - أَكْمَلْ الْحَدِيثَ... قَالُ رَسُولُ اللّهِ ﷺ: ﴿(ۚبِنْيَ الإِسْلَامِ عَلَى خَمْسِهِ...؟... ﴾الْحَوَابُ: شَهَادَةٌ أَنْ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللّهُ وَأَنَّ}

171 [TN] Sending Salaah upon the Messenger of Allah ﷺ is a dua’ to Allah, asking Him to mention, praise and honour Muhammad (ﷺ) in the highest gathering in which the best of Angels congregate.
172 [TN] Allah sending Salaah upon a Muslim means His praising him in the highest gathering in which the best of Angels congregate.
173 [TN] Recorded by Muslim (408) from Abu Hurayrah ﷺ.
Muhammad is indeed the Messenger of Allah (ﷺ), (2) And establishing the Salaah correctly, (3) And giving the Zakaah, (4) And Hajj (5) and fasting Ramadaan. (20)

32 - What is the supporting pillar of Islam?
Answer: The Salaah.

33 - Complete the (following) Hadeeth: The Messenger of Allah (ﷺ) said: "The ahd (covenant which differentiates) between us and them (the disbelievers) is the Salaah,..."?
Answer: "...so whoever leaves it then he has disbelieved." (22)

34 - Define the Salaah?
Answer: The Salaah is worship to Allah with specific statements and actions; it is begun with the Takbeer (23) and completed with the Tasleem (24).

35 - How many Salaahs are obligatory upon the Muslim during the day and night? And what is the

(20) Recorded by Al-Bukhaaree (8) [and the wording is his] and Muslim (16) from Ibn ‘Umar. (21) [TN] i.e. the supporting pillar without which Islam cannot be established.
(22) Recorded by At-Tirmidhee (2621) and Ibn Maajah (1079) from Buraydah. (23) [TN] Shaykh Al-Albaanee graded it Saheeh.
(24) [TN] The statement: "Allahu Akbar" (Allah is the Most Great).
(25) [TN] The statement: "Assalaaamu ‘alaikum wa Rahmatullah" (may Allah’s peace and mercy by upon you).
number of their Rak'aat
Answer: There are five Salaahs:

1) Salaat-ul-Fajr (two rak'aat)
2) Salaat-ul-Thuhr (four rak'aat).
3) Salaat-ul-'Asr (four rak'aat).
4) Salaat-ul-Maghrib (three rak'aat).
5) Salaat-ul-'Ishaa'i (four rak'aat).

36 – What are the conditions of Salaah?
Answer: The conditions are:

1) Islam.
2) A sound mind.
3) The age of tamyeez.(25)
4) The entering of the time (of Salaah).
5) The removal of any impurities.
6) Purity (Wudhu').
7) Covering the awrah.(36)
8) Facing the Qiblah.(27)
9) The Intention.

37 – What are the pillars of Wudoo'?

[25] [TN] *Tamyeez*: the stage of later childhood which is realized at the age of seven.
[36] [TN] *awrah*: the area of the body which a Muslim is required to cover.
[27] [TN] The direction of the Qiblah is the Ka'bah, in Masjid-ul-Haraam, Makkah.
Answer:

1) Washing the face, including the madmada and istinshaq.\(^{[28]}\)
2) Washing the two hands up-to and including the elbows.
3) Wiping the head including the two ears.
4) Washing the two feet including the heels.
5) Doing the actions in order.
6) Doing the actions consecutively.

38 – What are the nullifiers of Wudoo’?
Answer:

1) Something exiting the two pathways, like urine, excrement, and wind.
2) Sleep.
3) Eating camel meat.
4) Anything which requires a bath (ghulas).

39 – Complete the (following) Hadith: The Messenger of Allah ﷺ said: “Whoever makes Wudhoo’, then says: ‘I testify that there is nothing deserving of worship except Allah,\(^{[x]}\)

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\(^{[28]}\) [TN] The madmada means to wash one’s mouth with water and istinshaq means to sniff water into the nose and blow it out.
Him alone, He has no partners...”?
Answer: “...And I testify (that) indeed Muhammad (ﷺ) is His slave and His Messenger’, the eight gates of Jannah open for him, he may enter (it) from whichever one he wishes.”

40 - What recitation is obligatory in the Salaah?
Answer: Surat-ul-Faatihah.

41 - What does the one praying Salaah say in Rukoo?’
Answer: (He says) “My Rabb the Great is free from all types of imperfections.”

42 - What does the one praying Salaah say during Sujood?
Answer: (He says) "My Rabb the Most High is free from all types of imperfections."

43 - What does the one praying Salaah say between the two Sujood?’
Answer: (He says) “My Rabb, forgive me; My Rabb, forgive me.”

44 - Recite the At-Tahiyyaat?
Answer: “All words of glorification are for Allah, and (so are all) prayers, and pure statements and actions; Peace be upon you O Prophet (ﷺ) and mercy of

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42) Recorded by Muslim (234) from ’Uqbah bin Aamir. 

الجواب: وأشهد أن مُحمدًا عبد ورسوله، فِيّحتُ له أن وُلُوُّ ؛ الجنة الثمانية يدخل من أَبيا شاة."

40 - ما الواجب قراءته في الصلاة؟
الجواب: سورة التوبة.

41 - ماذا يقول المصلي في الركوع؟
الجواب: سبحان ربي العظيم.

42 - ماذا يقول المصلي في السجود؟
الجواب: سبحان ربي الأعلى.

43 - ماذا يقول المصلي بين السجديتين؟
الجواب: ربّ اغفر لي، ربّ اغفر لي.

44 - إقرأ التحياات؟
الجواب: التحيات الله والصلوات والطيبات، السلام عليكم أَبيا النَبي ورحمة الله.
Allah and His blessings; Peace be upon us and upon the righteous slaves; And I testify that there is nothing deserving of worship except Allah, and that Muhammad (ﷺ) is His slave and His Messenger.” *(30)*

45 – Recite the Salaat-ul-Ibraheemiyah?

Answer: “O Allah send salaah upon Muhammad and upon the aal *(31)* of Muhammad just as You sent praise upon Ibraaheem and the aal of Ibraaheem, indeed You are the Praiseworthy, the Magnificent; and send Your blessings upon Muhammad and upon the aal of Muhammad just as You sent Your blessings upon Ibraaheem and upon the aal of Ibraaheem, indeed You are the Praiseworthy, the Magnificent.”

46 – What are the four things which the one praying Salaah seeks protection with Allah from before the Tasleem?

Answer: He says: “O Allah, I seek protection with You from the punishment of Jahannam (the Hellfire); and from the punishment of the grave and from the trial of life and death; and from the trial of the (false) Messiah: the

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*(30)* Recorded by Al-Bukhaaree (6230) and Muslim (402) from ‘Abdullah bin Mas’ood. *(31)* [TN] Aal may refer to the family of the Prophet ﷺ who believed in him or all those who believed and followed him.
47 - Complete the (following) Hadeeth: The Messenger of Allah ﷺ said: “Whoever (regularly) prays twelve voluntary rak’aat to Allah…”

Answer: “…Allah builds for him a house in Jannah.”

48 - Mention the Sunnah and Rawaatib prayers?

Answer:
1) Two Rak’aat before Fajr (Salaah).
2) Four Rak’aat before Thuhr (Salaah).
3) Two Rak’aat after Thuhr (Salaah).
4) Two Rak’aat after Maghrib (Salaah).
5) Two Rak’aat after ‘Isha’a (Salaah).

49 - Define Zakaah?

Answer: It is a compulsory right on a specific amount of wealth (that if a Muslim owns, then he must give it) to a specific group at a specific time.

[52] Recorded by Muslim (588) from Aboo Hurayrah ﷺ.
[53] Recorded by Muslim (728) from Uunun Habeelah ﷺ.
[54] [TN] The Sunnah Rawaatib prayers are those voluntary prayers which the Messenger of Allah ﷺ did not leave performing.
[55] [TN] That group must be from the eight groups mentioned in Soorat-us-Tawbah (9):60.
50 - Define Fasting?

Answer: It is worship to Allah the Most High by refraining from breaking the fast from the break of dawn until the setting of the sun, with the intention (of worshipping Allah by it).

51 - Complete the (following) Hadeth: The Messenger of Allah said: “Whoever fasts (the entire month of) Ramadaan...”

Answer: “… out of Imaan and hope (for reward from Allah), whatever (minor) sins he previously did are forgiven.”

52 - Define Hajj

Answer: It is worship to Allah the Most High with the intention (of making Hajj) at His Sacred House (the Ka'bah) with specific actions during a specific time.

53 - Complete the (following) Hadeth: The Messenger of Allah said: “Whoever carries out Hajj for Allah (alone) and does not use obscene speech and does not do anything evil...”

(36) Recorded by Al-Bukhaaree (38) and Muslim (760) from Aboo Hurayrah.

(37) [TN] i.e. During the months of Hajj: Shawwaal, Dhul-Qa’dah and Dhul-Hijjah.
Answer: “...He will return from his sins (to a state) like the day his mother gave birth to him (i.e. his minor sins will be forgiven).” *(38)*

54 - What are the pillars of Imaan? Answer:
1) Imaan in Allah;
2) and His Angels;
3) and His Books;
4) and His Messengers;
5) and the Last Day;
6) and Qadri; its good and evil, are from Allah the Most High.

55 - Mention three names from the Angels? Answer: Jibreel, Meekaa'eel and Israafeel.

56 - Mention the Divine Books and who they were revealed to? Answer:

*(36)* Recorded by Al-Bukhaaree (1521) from Aboo Iiurayrah -a.-

*(39)* Imaan is the faith which is uttered on the tongue, affirmed in the heart and carried out with the limbs. It increases with obedience to Allah and decreases with disobedience to Him.

*(42)* A Muslim cannot believe in al-Qadri correctly until he believes that Allah created all things, that He knew their future and fate, that He ordered the Pen to record all that would occur among the creation and that all of those things happen by the Will and Power of Allah alone.
1) The Subuh (Scriptures) of Ibraheem and Musaa (which were revealed) to our leaders Ibraheem and Musaa (عليهما السلام).

2) The Zaboor which (was revealed) to our leader Dawud.

3) The Tawraah which (was revealed) to our leader Musaa.

4) The Injeel which (was revealed) to our leader Eesaa.

5) The Noble Quraan (which was revealed) to our leader Muhammad ﷺ.

57 – Who are the Oolul-Azm (strongest in determination) from the Messengers? Answer:

1) Nooh ﷺ.
2) Ibraheem ﷺ.
3) Moosaa ﷺ.
4) Eesaa ﷺ.
5) Muhammad ﷺ.

58 – Recite the end of Surat-ul-Baqarah which a Muslim recites before sleeping\(^{(141)}\) Answer:

\(^{(141)}\) Soorat-ul-Baqarah (2):285-286,
59 - When is the Hour (the Day of Judgement) going to be established?
Answer: Its knowledge is with Allah, nobody knows it except Him.

60 - What is the Daarul Karaamah (Abode of Honour)?
Answer: Al-Jannah.
61 – How many number of gates does Jannah have?
Answer: Eight gates.

62 – When will the believers see their Rabbi?
Answer: When they enter Jannah.

63 – What are the major causes which enter one into Jannah?
Answer: Taqwaa\(^{(12)}\) of Allah and good manners.

64 – What is the ‘place of punishment and disgrace’?
Answer: The Fire.

65 – How many number of gates does the Fire have?
Answer: Seven gates.

66 – What is Ihsaan?
Answer: That you worship Allah as though you see Him, and if you cannot (worship Him) as though you see Him, then (you remember that) He sees you.

\(^{(12)}\) [TN] Taqwaa is to protect oneself from Allah’s anger and punishment by obeying His commands and avoiding His prohibitions.
67 - Who from mankind has the most right to your good behaviour and best treatment?
Answer: The two parents (the mother and the father).

68 - What do you say when you want to make Du’aa for your parents?
Answer: (I say) "My Rabb, pardon my parents and have mercy on them both as they raised me when I was young."

69 - What is the most beloved of actions to Allah?
Answer: The Salaah at its fixed times, then good behaviour with one’s parents, then Jihaad in the path of Allah.

70 - Who is the most noble of mankind according to Allah the Most High?
Answer: Those who have the most Taqwa and the one with the most Taqwa from all of mankind is the Messenger of Allah ﷺ.

71 - What is your great book?
Answer: The Noble Qur’aan.

72 - How many number of Juzz (parts) are in the Noble Qur’aan?
Answer: Thirty Juzz.

73 - What do you do before you read the Noble Qur’aan?

Answer: I make Wudoo’ then I seek protection with Allah from Shaitaan ar-rajeem.\(^{(43)}\)

74 - What are the Mu’awwidhataan? And can you recite them both?

Answer: Soorat-ul-Falaq\(^{(44)}\):

\[\text{أَسْأَلُ رَبَّيْنَآ إِلَيْهِ الْيَوْمَ الْأَرْضَ وَلِلَّهِ الْجَارِيَ} \]

((In the Name of Allah – Ar-Rahmaan – Ar-Raheem) (1) Say: 'I seek protection with the Rabb of the daybreak; (2) From the evil that He has created; (3) And from the evil of the darkening (night) when it comes with its darkness; (4) And from the evil of those who do witchcraft when they blow knots; (5) And from the evil of the envier when he envies.’)

And Soorat-un-Naas\(^{(45)}\):

\[\text{أَسْأَلُ رَبَّيْنَآ إِلَيْهِ الْيَوْمَ الْأَرْضَ وَلِلَّهِ الْجَارِيَ} \]

\(^{(43)}\) [TN] Shayraan (Iblees) is described as ar-Raajeem which means: expelled from all types of good.

\(^{(44)}\) Al-Falaq (113):1-5

\(^{(45)}\) An-Naas (114):1-6
Questions & Answers for the Young & Indispensable to the Elders

(In the Name of Allah - Ar-Rahmaan - Ar-Raheem) (1) Say: ‘I seek refuge with (Allah) the Lord of mankind, (2) The King of mankind, (3) The Ilaaah of mankind, (4) From the evil of the whisperer (devil who whispers evil in the hearts of men) who withdraws (from his whispering in one’s heart after one remembers Allah). (5) Who whispers in the breasts of mankind. (6) Of jinn and men.”

75 - What is the greatest Ayah in the Noble Qur’an? And can you recite it?

Answer: Aayat-ul-Kurshe

الجواب: آية الكرسي:

مَا أعظم آية في القرآن الكريم؟ وأقرأها؟

76 - Complete the (following) Hadith. The Messenger of Allah ﷺ

76 - أَكْمِلْ السَّبِيلَ... قال رسول الله ﷺ
said: “*Whoever recites Ayaat-ul-Kursee after completing every Salaah...*”

Answer: “...*nothing prevents him from entering Jannah except death.*”\(^{[47]}\)

77 – What is the best *Soorah* in the Noble Qur’aan? And can you recite it?
Answer: *Sooaat-ul-Faatihah*\(^{[18]}\):

`In the Name of Allah – Ar-Rahmaan – Ar-Raheem; All praise and thanks is for Allah, the Rabb of all creation; Ar-Rahman – Ar-Rahceem; The Master of the Day of Repayment; You (alone) we worship and You (alone) we ask for help; Guide us to the straight path; The path of those who You have favoured, not of those who You are angry with or those who have gone astray.*”

78 – What is the longest *Soorah* in the Noble Qur’aan?
Answer: *Sooaat-ul-Baqarah.*

\(^{[47]}\) Recorded by An-Nasaa’ee [in *Sunan-ul-Kubraa* (9848)] from Aboo Umaamah. \(^{[TN]}\) Shaykh Al-Albaannee graded it *Saeheeb* (*Silsilah*, 972).

\(^{[18]}\) Al-Faatihah (1):1-7
79 - What is the shortest **Sooerah** in the Noble Qur'an?

**Answer:** **Sooarat-ul-Kawthar**\(^{49}\):

(In the Name of Allah – **Ar-Rahmaan** – **Ar-Raheem**) “(1) Verily, We have granted you _al-Kawthar_ (a river in Jannah); (2) So turn in _Salah_ to your _Rabb_ and sacrifice (to Him alone); (3) For he who makes you angry will be cut off (from all good).”

80 - What is the **Sooarah** which is equivalent to one-third of the Qur'aan?

**Answer:** **Sooarat-ul-Ikhlaas**\(^{50}\):

(In the Name of Allah – **Ar-Rahmaan** – **Ar-Raheem**) “(1) Say: ‘He is Allah, the One; (2) Allah the Self-Sufficient; (3) He has no children and He has no parents; (4) And there is absolutely nothing like Him.’”

81 - Complete the (following)

**Sooarah: In the Name of Allah – Ar-Rahmaan – Ar-Raheem.** “(1) By Time; (2) All of mankind is in loss...”

**Answer:** “…(3) Except those who have _Imaan_ and do righteous actions; and

\(^{49}\) Al-Kawthar (108):1-3

\(^{50}\) Al-Ikhlaas (112):1-4
encourage each other to the truth and encourage each other to practise patience. "(51)

82 - What is the best characteristic and is the most virtuous?
Answer: Truthfulness.

83 - What is the ugliest characteristic and is the most evil?
Answer: Lying.

84 - Complete the (following) Hadeeth. The Messenger of Allah ﷺ said: "None of you will (truly) believe until he loves..."
Answer: "...for his brother what he loves for himself."

85 - Who is your enemy?
Answer: Shaytaan Ar-Rajecm.

86 - When do you seek protection with Allah from Shaytaan Ar-Rajecm?
Answer:
1) Before reading the Qur’an.
2) Before entering the toilet area.
3) When getting angry.

(51) Al-‘Asr (103):1-3
(52) Recorded by Al-Bukhaareec (13) and Muslim (45) from Anas bin Maalik ﷺ.
4) When getting waswasah (evil whispers from Shaytan).
5) When hearing the braying of the donkey.

87 - What is the most dangerous disease of the heart?
Answer: Nifaaq (hypocrisy).

88 - What is the heaviest Salaah upon the hypocrites?
Answer: Fajr Salaah and Isha’a Salaah.

89 - Complete the (following) Hadeeth: The Messenger of Allah ﷺ said: “The signs of the hypocrite are three: (1) when he speaks, he lies…”
Answer: “…(2) when he makes a promise, he breaks it, (3) and when he is trusted, he betrays (that trust).”

90 - What is the most dangerous thing upon mankind?
Answer: The tongue (when it is used to say or spread evil).

91 - Complete the (following) Hadeeth: The Messenger of Allah ﷺ said: “From the best of a man’s

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1) Recorded by Al-Bukhaaree (33) and Muslim (59) from Aboo Hurayrah ﷺ.
practise of Islam is..."
Answer: "...that he leaves that which does not concern him."(54)

92 - What is the most beloved statement to Allah the Most High?
Answer: Allah is free from all types of imperfections, all praise and thanks is for Allah, and there is nothing that deserves to be worshipped except Allah and Allah is the most Great.

93 - What is the treasure of Jannah?
Answer: There is no movement or power except by (the permission of) Allah.

94 - Complete the (following)
Hadeeth: The Messenger of Allah said: "There are two statements which are light on the tongue..."
Answer: "...heavy on the scales, beloved to Ar-Rahmaan, (they are): Allah is free from all types of imperfections and all praise is for Him, Allah is free from all types of imperfections the Most Great." (55)

95 - Mention the sayyid-ul-istighfaar (the best way of seeking forgiveness from Allah)?

(54) Recorded by At-Tirmidhee (2317) and Ibn Maajah (3976) from Aboo Hurayrah.
(55) Recorded by Al-Bukhaaree (7563) and Muslim (2694) from Aboo Hurayrah.
Answer: The sayyid-ul-istighfaar is that the slave (of Allah) says: "O Allah! My Rabb, none deserves to be worshipped but You, You created me and I am Your slave, and I am upon Your covenant and Your promise according to what I am able, I seek protection from the evil of what I have done and I recognise Your favours upon me, and I recognise before You my sins, so forgive me for no one can forgive sins except You."\(^{(56)}\)

96 - What do you say before sleeping?
Answer: "With Your Name O Allah I die and I live."\(^{(57)}\)

97 - What do you say after you wake up from sleep?
Answer: All praise and thanks is for Allah who gave us life after death and to You (O Allah) is the return.\(^{(58)}\)

98 - What is the greeting of Islam?
Answer: Peace be upon you and the mercy of Allah and His blessings.

99 - Which of the two hands does the Muslim eat and drink with?
Answer: With the right hand.

\(^{(56)}\) Recorded by Al-Bukhaaree (6306) from Shaddaad bin Aws. \(^{(57)}\) [TN] As is stated in a Hadeeth recorded by Al-Bukhaaree (6324) from Hudhayfah. \(^{(58)}\) [TN] As is stated in a Hadeeth recorded by Muslim (2711) from Al-Baraa'.
100 - When do you say: Bismillah (in the name of Allah)?

Answer:

1) Before eating and drinking.
2) Before entering the toilet area.
3) Before entering the Masjid.
4) After leaving from it (the Masjid).
5) Before removing clothes.

101 - When do you say: All praise and thanks for Allah?

Answer:

1) After eating and drinking.
2) After sneezing.
3) After every favour.
4) In every condition.

102 - What do you say to the one who sneezes and (then) praises Allah?

Answer: May Allah have mercy upon you.

103 - What do you say to the one who says to you: "May Allah have mercy upon you," after (you) sneeze (and praise Allah)?
Answer: May Allah guide you and correct your affairs.

104 - Complete the (following) Hadeeth: The Messenger of Allah  said: “Whoever Allah desires good for...”?
Answer: “...He gives him (correct) understanding of the Deen.” (59)

105 - What is the most beloved of places to Allah?
Answer: The Masjids.

106 - What is the best day of the week?
Answer: The day of Jum’ah (Friday).

107 - What is the best day in the year?
Answer: The day of Arafah (the 9th of Dhul-Hijjah).

108 - What is the best night in the year?
Answer: The night of Al-Qadr.

109 - What is the best of months?
Answer: The month of Ramadhaan.

(59) Recorded by Al-Bukhaaree (7312) and Muslim (1037) from Mu’aawiyah ﷺ.
110 - What are the Islamic days of celebration?

111 - Who are the Khulafaa-ur-Raashidoon (the rightly guided Rulers)?
Answer:
1) Abu Bakr as-Siddeeq.
2) 'Umar bin Al-Khattaab.
3) 'Uthmaan bin Affaan.
4) 'Alee bin Abee Taalib ﷺ.

الجواب: عيد الفطر وعيد الأضحى.

The questions and answers to them are complete; And all praise and thanks is due to Allah. In the beginning and end.\(^{(60)}\)

\(^{(60)}\) [TN] And the translation of this book began and was completed during the middle of Ramadhaan 1428, and all praise and thanks is due to Allah ﷻ.
I have prepared these Islamic questions and answers, varying in (matters of) Aqeedah (creed), worship, seerah (history), manners, etc. for the young to memorise and to aid the elders in teaching their children and students; and that which prompted me to write it was that some of those responsible of the affairs (of education and nurturing) from parents and teachers, were at times uncertain in choosing appropriate questions for children to discuss; so these are the: 'Questions and Answers for the Young and Indispensable to the Elders.'

From the Author's Introduction

About the Authors:
Shaykh Saalim bin Said al-Taweel is a respected scholar and dars who graduated from the Muhammad bin Saud Islamic University of Qaseem, K.S.A. and also studied under Shaykh Muhammad bin Saalih al-Uthaymeen for several years. The Shaykh has authored numerous beneficial books and articles, and has delivered many useful talks and lessons, some of which are available on his website www.salaweed.com. He is currently based in Kuwait where he serves as an Imam and Kharib under the Ministry of Islamic Affairs.